Vincent M. DeOrchis (VMD-6515) William E. Lakis (WL-9355) Olivier D. U. DuFont (OD-2817) DEORCHIS WIENER & PARTNERS, LLP 61 Broadway, 26th Floor New York, New York, 10006-2802 (212) 344-4700

Attorneys for Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

ZIM INTEGRATED SHIPPING SERVICES. LTD.,

Case No. 97-civ-5861 (RMB)

Plainuif.

- against -

BELCO RESOURCES, INC., SINOCHEM JIANGSU CORPORATION (FORMERLY KNOWN AS SINOCHEM JIANGSU IMPORT & EXPORT CORPORATION), NAMING HUABIN FOREIGN TRADE & ECONOMICS CO., LTD., DRAGONTRANS SHIPFING LTD. d/b/a HUABANG INTERNATIONAL, INC., SINOTRANS NINGBO INTERNATIONAL FORWARDING AGENCY CO., LTD., JOHN DOE 1-10.

FIRST AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT AND RULE B ATTACHMENT

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Plaintiff ZIM INTEGRATED SHIPPING SERVICES, LTD. ("Zim"), by its attorneys, DeOrchis, Wiener & Partners, LLP, as and for its Complaint against Defendants BELCO RESOURCES, INC. ("Selco"), SINOCHEM HANGSU CORPORATION (formerly known as SINOCHEM HANGSU IMPORT & EXPORT CORPORATION) ("Sinochem Jiangsu"), NANJING HUABIN FOREIGN TRADE & ECONOMICS CO., LTD. ("Huabin"), DRAGONTRANS SHIPPING LTD. 3/b/a HUABANG INTERNATIONAL, INC. ("Husbang") SINCIPRANS NINGBO INTERNATIONAL FORWARDING AGENCY CO.,

LTD. ("Sinotrans Ningbo"), and John Doe 1 to 10, alleges upon information and belief, as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. This is an admiralty or maritime claim within the meaning of Rule 9(h) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1333 and 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court may exercise supplemental jurisdiction over Zim's state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 2. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 (c) and (d), and under section 24 of Zim's Bill of Lading terms and conditions.

PARTIES

- 3. At and during all times hereinafter mentioned, Plaintiff Zim was and still is a foreign corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Israel, with an office and principal place of business located at 9 Andrei Sakharov Street, Matam P.O.B. 1723, Haifa, 31016 Israel. Zim, at all times hereinafter mentioned, was engaged in the business of ocean transportation services.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant Belco was and still is a foreign corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of North Carolina with an office and principal place of business located at 146 Roundabout Ct., P.O. Box 8164, Rocky Mount, NC 27804. Belco, at all times hereinafter mentioned, was engaged in the business of supplying fertilizers, industrial chemicals, and farm equipment.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Sinochem Jiangsu (formerly known as SINOCHEM JIANGSU IMPORT & EXPORT CORPORATION) was and still is a foreign corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of P.R. China with an office

and principal place of business located at 28F Shangmao Century Plaza, 49 Zhongshan South Road, Nanjing 210005, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China. Sinochem Jiangsu, at all times hereinafter mentioned, was engaged in the business of importing and exporting pharmaceutical and chemical products.

- 6. Upon information and belief, Defendant Huabin was and still is a foreign corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of P.R. China with an office and principal place of business located at 5-6F, 51W Hankou Road, Nanjing 210024, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China. It has also another address at 8/F Ruihua Building, 315 South Zhongshan Road, Nanjing 210001, Jiangsu Province, P.R. China. Huabin, at all times hereinafter mentioned, is engaged in the business of handling and shipping goods.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Defendant Huabang was and still is a foreign corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of P.R. China with an office and principal place of business located at Room B-33, 8F Centre Commercial Building, 54 Dashani Street, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, P.R. China. Huabang, at all times hereinafter mentioned, is engaged in the business of booking cargo and freight forwarding. It is legally known as Dragontrans Shipping Ltd. and is doing business as Huabang International, Inc.
- 8. Upon information and belief, Defendant Sinotrans Ningbo was and still is a foreign corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of P.R. China with an office and principal place of business located at 5th Floor Sinotrans Mansion, 69 Jie Fang South Road, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, P.R. China. Sinotrans Ningbo, at all times hereinafter mentioned, is engaged in the business of freight forwarding at Ningbo Port.

9. Upon information and belief, Defendant(s) John Doe(s) 1 to 10 is an or are entity(ies) residing in P.R. China, in the United States, or abroad, and who are liable under any cause of action berein to Zim.

BACK GROUND FACTS

- 10. On or about June 3, 2007, a fire erupted aboard the M/V ZIM Haifa, a vessel operated by Zim on a trade route between the Far East and the East Coast of the United States, while the vessel was at sea in the Pacific Ocean, about 2 days out of Panama.
- The crew fought the fire identified to be in hold no. 5 while the vessel increased speed to full in order to arrive more quickly at Balboa, Panama, for assistance.
- 12. On or about June 4, around 10:30 am, the vessel arrived at Balboa where firefighters boarded the vessel to control the fire and cool down the holds.
 - 13. On or about June 8, the hold no. 5 was opened and the damage was surveyed.
- 14. The cause of fire and explosions has been traced to a 20 foot container, ZIMU1037636, transported under the Bill of Lading number ZIMUNGB670904, which was found to contain a substance called "Calcium Hypochlorite".
- 15. Calcium Hypochlorite is an extremely dangerous cargo. It is classified as a hazardous and dangerous material by the International Marine Organization and United Nations, and in the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code. It can explode and ignite at a relatively low temperature. It must be declared by the shipper as dangerous or hazardous material to the ocean carrier under the terms of the Bill of Lading and under the international conventions.

- 16. Zim has refused to carry Calcium Hypochlorite since 2002 as a result of the explosion of several containers containing such hazardous product aboard vessels operated by other companies causing the destruction of entire ships, or severely damaging them.
- 17. As a result of the fire and explosions aboard the M/V ZIM HAIFA, Zim suffered damage to the hull and machinery in hold no. 5 where the above mentioned container was stowed, damage to its containers, personal injury to three crew members, delays and expenses in fighting the fire, the expenses and costs of removing and storing damaged cargo on the pier, investigating the matter, transshipping expenses, and potential cargo claims for the containers of goods which were stowed in the hold.

Misrepresentation of the Cargo In The Bill of Lading

- 18. The sealed container, ZIMU1037636, which was found by investigators after the incident to contain "Calcium Hypochlorite", was declared by the defendants on the face of Bill of Lading number ZIMUNGB670904 to contain "Calcium Chloride." A true and accurate copy of the Bill of Lading is attached as Exhibit A and annexed and incorporated into this Complaint.
 - Calcium Chloride is a harmless and non flammable material.
- 20. Defendants provided Zim with a Certification for Safe Transport of chemical Goods prepared by the Shanghai Research Institute of Chemical Industry Testing Centre, declaring the cargo to not be flammable, and not to present any explosive hazard, and not to have any "hazards identification". A true and accurate copy of the Laboratory Certification is Attached as Exhibit B, and annexed and incorporated into this Complaint.

- 21. Defendants provided Zim with a Dock Receipt in which the cargo sealed inside container ZIMU1037636 is erroneously declared on the document to be "calcium chloride". A true and accurate copy of the Dock Receipt is attached at Exhibit C, and is annexed and incorporated into this Complaint.
- 22. The true nature of the cargo has been concealed from Zim and misrepresented on the Bill of Lading.
- 23. Belco appears as the shipper on the Bill of Lading number ZIMUNGB670904 (Exhibit A).
- 24. The President of Belco admitted to Zim on June 11, 2007, that Belco had placed a purchase order with Sinochem Jiangsu, a trading company located in China, for the supply and shipping of 444 drums of Calcium Hypochlorite, the hazardous and dangerous instable substance, and not for Calcium Chloride as described in the Bill of Lading.
- 25. The purchase order indicated that the shipment was "C.I.F. Belize" and provided for "shipping instructions". Those "shipping instructions" by Belco required Sinochem Jiangsu to name the shipper on the Bill of Lading as "Belco Resources, Inc." and the consignee as "To Order". A true and accurate copy of the Purchase Order is attached as Exhibit D. and is annexed and incorporated into this Complaint.
- 26. Sinochem Jiangsu, based in Nanjing, China, hired Huabin, also located in Nanjing, to handle the export of the subject hazardous and dangerous cargo from China to Belize.
- 27. Huabin in turn contracted with Huabang in the port of Ningbo, to book the ocean transportation of said hazardous and dangerous cargo.

- 28. Huabang then contacted Sinotrans Ningbo which placed the booking of the hazardous and dangerous cargo with Zim.
- 29. The Export Customs Declaration for the government of China was handled by Ningbo Global Cargo. Co., Ltd.
- 30. Initially, the booking made by Sinotrans Ningbo with Zim identified Huabang as "the "shipper."
- During the booking of the cargo for transportation, the goods inside the sealed container, ZIMU1037636, were described by Defendants to the agent of Zim as being "calcium chloride".
- 32. At some point in the process and apparently before the date of loading, Sinotrans Ningbo requested to change the shipper from Huabang to Belco.
- 33. The defendants must be held liable for their direct, and/or vicarious liability, and/or for aiding and abetting, and/or for conspiring to cause, or in causing, damages to Zim, its property, reputation and employees.

AS FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT AS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 34. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
 - 35. Section 14(a) of Zim's Bill of Lading terms and conditions provide that:
 - (a) When the Merchant delivers goods of a dangerous or hazardous nature to the Carrier, he shall inform him in writing of the exact nature of the danger and indicate, if necessary, the precautions to be taken. Such goods shall be distinctly marked on the outside so as to indicate the nature thereof and so as to comply with any requirements of any applicable regulations,

including regulations contained in any relevant applicable international treaty or convention.

- Section 17(a) of Zim's Bill of Lading terms and conditions also provide, in 36. substantial part, that:
 - The Merchant warrants the correctness of the declaration (a) of contents, quantity, nature, definition, weight, measurement or value of the goods, whether containerized or not,.... Merchant shall be responsible for all consequences of incorrect declarations as aforesaid including fines that may be imposed as a result thereof, irrespective of whether or not inspection as aforesaid has taken place. Merchant warrants that the subject cargo is being shipped in compliance with every applicable law, regulation or directive.
- 37. Zim's Bill of Lading defines a "Merchant" as "jointly and severally the shipper, the consignee, the holder and any assignee of this Bill of Lading."
- 38. Each one of the Defendants is either the shipper, the consignee, the holder, an assignee, or their respective agent, in respect to Bill of Lading number ZIMUNGB670904.
- 39. Each or any one of the Defendants failed to indicate in writing to Zim the hazardous or dangerous nature of the Calcium Hypochlorite packed in the 444 drums and sealed in container number ZIMU1037636.
- 40. Each and every one of the Defendants breached its obligation to declare the dangerous goods as defined in the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code by the International Maritime Organization.
- Each and every one of the Defendants breached Section 14(a) of Zim's Bill of AI. Lading terms and conditions.
- Such failure to correctly describe the nature of the goods as "Calcium 42. Hypochlorite" on the Bill of Lading constitutes for each and everyone of the Defendants a

breach of its warranties under the applicable international conventions and national laws, as well as Section 17(a) of Zim's Bill of Lading terms and conditions, to correctly and accurately declare the content, nature, and definition of the goods shipped.

- If the Defendants had accurately described to Zim the goods carried under the 43, subject Bill of Lading, or if Defendants had indicated in writing to Zim the hazardous or dangerous nature of the Calcium Hypochlorite sealed in container ZIMU1037636, the damage would not have happened.
- Zim has adopted for many years a policy to refuse to transport Calcium 44. Hypochlorite onboard any of its vessels.
- The Defendants are consequently jointly and severally liable to Zim for the loss 45. or damage to containers, for the damage to the hull and machinery of the M/V ZIM HAIFA. for the loss of use and the capacity of the said vessel, for the personal injury to three crew members, for the delays and expenses in fighting the fire, for the expenses and costs of removing and storing the damaged cargo, for the transshipping expenses, and for any and all other proximately caused damages.

AS FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR BREACH OF WARRANTY AS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 46. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- 47. The failure of Defendants to accurately describe the nature of the goods on the Bill of Lading constitutes a breach of the warranty of particulars provided under international conventions, and codified in the United States under 46 U.S.C. § 1303(5) and § 1304(6) as well as under the common maritime law.

- 48. Such breach by Defendants proximately caused the fire onboard the M/V ZIM HAIFA.
- 49. Each one of the Defendants is jointly and severally responsible for inaccurately describing the nature of the cargo as "Calcium Chloride" instead of "Calcium Hypochlorite".
- 50. Such Defendants are liable to Zim for all losses, damages, and expenses arising or resulting from the inaccuracies in the particulars of Bill of Lading number ZIMUNGB670904.

AS FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR STRICT LIABILITY AS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 51. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- 52. A shipper of hazardous or dangerous goods is strictly liable for damages resulting directly or indirectly from such shipments.
- 53. The Defendants are responsible for shipping "Calcium Hypochlorite," a dangerous substance, aboard the M/V ZIM HAIFA on a container under Bill of Lading ZIMUNGB670904.
- 54. Calcium Hypochlorite qualifies as a "good of an inflammable, explosive, or dangerous nature."
- 55. Zim had no knowledge, and could not have had knowledge, that the goods shipped under Bill of Lading number ZIMUNGB670904 were of a dangerous or hazardous nature because the goods were declared and labeled by Defendants as "Calcium Chloride," a non-dangerous and non-hazardous substance.

- Each and every one of the Defendants can be characterized as the seller of the 56. subject dangerous goods, and each and every one of the Defendants placed the subject cargo into the stream of commerce.
- Such hazardous and dangerous goods in container number ZIMU1037636 57. caused damages to containers and their contents, the vessel, injured crew members that fought the fire, and resulted in many other losses and expenses for Zim.
- Each and every one of the Defendants are jointly and severally liable for such 58. damages resulting directly or indirectly from said shipment.

AS FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION AS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by 59. reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- Defendants failed to disclose to Zim that the goods shipped under Bill of Lading 60. number ZIMUNGB670904 were of a hazardous or dangerous nature.
- As described in more detail above, the Defendants' description of the 61. particulars on Zim's Bill of Lading contained false and/or misleading information as to the dangerousness nature of the products shipped inside sealed container ZIMU1037636.
- Such false and/or misleading representations were material to Zim's decision to 62. accept and transport the shipment.
- Defendants failed to exercise reasonable care in communicating to Zim the 63. nature of goods to be shipped under Bill of Lading ZIMUNGB670904.

- Zim relied on the truthfulness and completeness of the information disclosed by 64. the Defendants in the subject Bill of Lading (Exhibit A), the Dock Receipt (Exhibit B), and the Certification for Safe Transport (Exhibit C) and such reliance was justified.
- Zim has suffered substantial and irreparable damages and may continue to 65. suffer additional damages in an amount to be determined at trial as a result of Defendants representations and omissions.
- Each and every one of the Defendants are jointly and severally liable for 66. such damages resulting directly or indirectly from their tortious activities.

AS FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION AS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by 67. reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- As set forth more fully above, Defendants made a number of material 68. misrepresentations and/or omissions to Zim upon which it relied and had a right to rely.
- Defendants intentionally, or with knowledge, concealed from Zim the true 69. nature of the goods as "Calcium Chloride" in order to conceal the real and dangerous nature of the cargo actually sealed in container ZIMU1077636, which was in fact "Calcium Hypochlorite."
- 70. Defendants intentionally, or with knowledge, provided Zim with a Certification for Safe Transport (Exhibit C) confirming that the cargo was non flammable and not dangerous.
- The true nature of the cargo was concealed by Defendants from Zim and 71. misrepresented on the Bill of Lading and the Dock Receipt (Exhibit B).

- 72. Zim reasonably relied on Defendants' representations and documentation by accepting to transport the subject goods.
- 73. Had they declared that the goods in the sealed container were in fact Calcium Hypochlorite, Zim would not have accepted or transported such goods
 - 74. Defendants acted in concert and worked together in furtherance of the fraud.
- Upon information and belief, Defendants made each misrepresentation and/or 75. omission described above with knowledge that the misrepresentations and/or omissions were false, or with the intent that Zim would rely on such misrepresentations and/or omissions.
 - 76. Zim was unaware of the falsity of Defendants' representations and/or omissions.
- 77. As a result of Zim's reliance upon the misrepresentations and omissions alleged herein. Zim has been damaged in an amount to be determined at trial.
- 78. Each and every one of the Defendants are jointly and severally liable for such damages resulting directly or indirectly from their fraudulent activities.

AS FOR A SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR PUNITIVE DAMAGES AS AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS

- 79. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- As set forth more fully above. Defendants made a number of material 80. misrepresentations and/or omissions as to the nature of the cargo, either negligently or fraudulently, which caused substantial damages to Zim and its employees.
- The lack of declaration of the hazardous cargo to Zim is a "conduct which has 81. constituted "gross, wanton or willful fraud or other morally culpable conduct" to an extreme

Filed 09/12/2007

degree" and warrants an award of punitive damages of no less than 10 million dollars for each defendant held responsible.

JOINDER OF CLAIM FOR DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

82. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.

JURISDICTION

83. This Court has jurisdiction over this joined claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

VENUE

84. Venue is properly placed under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 (c) and (d), and under Section 24 of Zim's Bill of Lading terms and conditions.

EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY FOR CARGO LOSS DUE TO FIRE

- 85. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- 86. A carrier may not be held liable under 46 U.S.C. § 1304(2)(b) for loss or damage arising or resulting from fire, unless caused by the actual fault or privity of the carrier.
 - 87. Moreover, under the fire statute, 46 app. U.S.C. § 182:
 - No owner of any vessel shall be liable to answer for or make good to any person any loss or damage, which may happen to any merchandise whatsoever, which shall be shipped, taken in, or put on board any such vessel, by reason or by means of any fire happening to or on board the vessel, unless such fire is caused by the design or neglect of such owner.
- The fire caused aboard the M/V ZIM HAIFA is due to the ignition of "Calcium 88. Hypochlorite" shipped without the consent, or knowledge of Zim.

- Such fire was not caused by the actual fault or privity of Zim. 89.
- Such fire was not caused by the design or neglect of Zim. 90.
- Zim cannot therefore be held liable for cargo losses caused to the Defendants or 91. to any other third parties as a result of such fire.
- Plaintiff respectfully seeks the Declaration by this Honorable Court that 92. Zim's liability to the Defendants, or to any third parties, which could claim damages for cargo losses as a result of said fire, if any, should be therefore totally excluded under either the fire statute, and/or under 46 U.S.C. § 1304(2)(b), as well as the other defense set forth in 46 U.S.C. § 1304(2)(a) and (q) and the terms of the Bill of Lading contract.

EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY FOR CARGO LOSS DUE TO HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS

- Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by 93. reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- 94. The shipper of goods of an inflammable, explosive, or dangerous nature to the shipment whereof the carrier has not consented with knowledge of their nature and character. shall be liable for all damages and expenses directly or indirectly arising out of or resulting from such shipment. 46 U.S.C. § 1304(6).
 - 95. Under section 14(b) of Zim's Bill of Lading:
 - The Merchant only shall be liable and shall indemnify the Carrier and any other party or legal body for all expenses, loss or damage caused to the vessel, to a cargo, whether on board or ashore, to the Carrier and to any other(s) as a result of his failure to comply with the terms set for in paragraph (a) of this Clause.
- As described at length above, the Defendants have failed to disclose to Zim the 96. dangerous character or nature of the goods shipped under Bill of Lading ZIMUNGB670904.

- 97. In so doing, the Defendants have failed to comply with applicable international and local rules on dangerous or hazardous goods, as well as to the terms of Zim's Bill of Lading.
- 98. Zim has not consented to the shipment of these dangerous goods and had it known, it would not have accepted such goods for carriage.
- 99. Plaintiff respectfully seeks the Declaration by this Honorable Court that as a result of Defendants' failure to comply with the contractual rules, laws and regulations on dangerous and hazardous substances, only the Defendants shall be liable for all damages and expenses directly or indirectly arising out of or resulting from such shipment of unauthorized "Calcium Hypochlorite."

INDEMNIFICATION OR CONTRIBUTION BY SHIPPER FOR ANY THIRD-PARTY CLAIMS

- 100. Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- 101. Each or everyone of the Defendants is solely responsible for all damages and expenses directly or indirectly arising out of or resulting from the shipment of unauthorized "Calcium Hypochlorite" aboard the M/V ZIM HAIFA.
- 102. As a result of the foregoing, each and everyone of the Defendants should indemnify or contribute to Zim for any claims brought by third parties at any place in the world and in any legal forum against Zim in any place in the world, if any, for cargo losses as a result of said shipment of unauthorized "Calcium Hypochlorite", and for any amount it may be required to pay including costs, disbursements and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in this action. Defendants have been given notice of the loss and informed of Zim's intention to seek

indemnification for any claims, suits or judgments filed against Zim in any part of the world and in any legal forum.

APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE OF A RULE B ATTACHMENT

- Each and every one of the foregoing allegations is incorporated herein by 103. reference and reasserted as though fully set forth at length.
- Each and everyone of the Defendants cannot be found within this District within 104. the meaning of Rule B of the Supplemental Rules for Certain Admiralty and Maritime Claims of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, but, upon information and belief, each and every Defendants have, or will have during the pendency of this action, assets within this District and subjects to the jurisdiction of this Court, held in the hands of garnishees including, but not limited to, HSBC (USA), Bank of America, Wachovia, Citibank, American Express Bank, J.P. Morgan Chase, Bank of New York, Deutsche Bank and/or Standard Chartered Bank, which are believed to be due and owing to the Defendants.
- The total amount sought to be attached by Plaintiff pursuant to Rule B of the 105. Supplemental Rules for Certain Admiralty and Maritime Claims is US\$3,096,694.00, plus interest and costs, representing the estimated damages sustained by ZIM as a result of this incident. A true and accurate copy of Zim's calculation of damages is attached as Exhibit E and annexed and incorporated into this Complaint.
- The Plaintiff respectfully seeks an Order from this Court directing the Clerk of 106. Court to issue Process of Maritime Attachment and Garnishment pursuant to Rule B of the Supplemental Rules for Certain Admiralty and Maritime Claims, attaching any assets of each and every one of the Defendants in the amount of US\$3,096,694.00 for each defendant, held by

the aforesaid garnishees for the purpose of obtaining personal jurisdiction over the Defendants, and to secure and/or satisfy the plaintiff's claims as described above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays:

- (a) For Declaratory Relief that Zim's liability to the Defendants, or to any third parties, which could claim damages for cargo losses as a result of said fire, if any, should be totally excluded under either the fire statute, and/or under 46 U.S.C. § 1304(2)(b);
- For Declaratory Relief that, as a result of its failure to comply with the (b) contractual rules, laws and regulations on dangerous and hazardous substances, only the named Defendants, shall be liable for all damages and expenses directly or indirectly arising out of or resulting from such shipment of unauthorized "Calcium Hypochlorite".
- For Judgment for Indemnification or Contribution as a consequence of (¢) claims, suits, judgments or awards brought by third parties against Zim in any place in the world, and in any legal forum for loss or damage to cargoes as a result of the fire aboard the M/V ZIM HAIFA, and for any amount Zim may be required to pay, including costs, disbursements and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in those actions;
- For a Judgment to be entered in favor of Plaintiff on each and all of the (d) Causes of Action above;
- (¢) For a Judgment awarding Plaintiff damages, as well as punitive damages as authorized by law;
- For a Judgment awarding Plaintiff its reasonable costs and expenses, **(f)** including attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the prosecution of this action to the extent allowed by law;

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(g) For a Judgment awarding Plaintiff such other and further relief as the

Court may deem just and equitable;

(b) That process in due form of law issue against each one of the

Defendants, citing each to appear and answer under oath all and singular the matters alleged in

the Complaint;

(i) That since each one of the Defendants cannot be found within this

District pursuant to Rule B of the Supplemental Rules for Certain Admiralty and Maritime

Claims, this Court issue an Order directing the Clerk of Court to issue Process of Maritime

Attachment and Garnishment pursuant to Rule B of the Supplemental Rules for Certain

Admiralty and Maritime Claims, attaching all tangible or intangible property in whatever form

or any other funds held by any garnishee, including, but not limited to, HSBC (USA). Bank of

America, Wachovia, Citibank, American Express Bank, J.P. Morgan Chase, Bank of New

York. Deutsche Bank, and/or Standard Chartered Bank, which are believed to be due and

owing to the Defendants, in the amount of US\$3,096,694.00 to satisfy and/or secure Plaintiff's

claims, and that all persons claiming any interest in the same be cited to appear and pursuant to

Supplemental Admiralty Rule B to answer the matters alleged in the Complaint;

(i) That this Court retain jurisdiction over this matter through the entry of any

judgment or award associated with any of the claims currently pending, or which may be

initiated in the future, including any appeals thereof.

Dated: New York, New York

September 11, 2007

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DEORCHIS WIENER & PARTNERS, LLP

Attorneys for Plaintiff

By:

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Our File: 1236-689

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VERIFICATION

Vincent M. DeOrchis declares and states that he is a partner in the law firm of DeOrchis, Wiener & Partners, LLP, attorneys for plaintiffs in this action, and that the foregoing Verified Complaint is true to his knowledge, except as to matters therein stated on the information and belief and as to those matters, he believes them to be true; that the ground of his belief as to all matters not stated upon knowledge is information furnished to him to by Plaintiff; that the reason why the Verification is not made by Plaintiff is that Plaintiff is a corporation whose principal place of business is outside the New York County, and that due to the exigent nature of this proceeding it was not possible to obtain a Verification from Plaintiff; and that he is authorized to so verify.

I declare and state under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on September 12, 2007

VINCENT M. DeORCHIS

EXHIBIT A

VILTONIES DA BOARS SI-SIY-2801

AS ABENTS FOR PRINCIPLING SERVICES (30. (42.01876)

1,11

EXHIBIT B





为运输条件鉴定书

Certification for Safe Transport of Chemical Goods

柳品名称:

Hame of Goods: CALCIUM(OXY) CHLORIDE





Shanghai Research Institute of Chemical Industry Testing Centre (Shanghai TECH, Chemical Industry Testing Co., Ltd.)

SECT LESSE IT WAY

NO. SA3600703 Page 1/2 观化的(如效) 4 1 Chireman 样品多数 Name of Goods CALCIUM (ORY) CHLOREDE 美文 Chinese 近件单位 Shipper 用水华环对外经和海阳公司 可深华西班外经规则用此内 As J Manufacturer TOTAL (STEELE BOURSE BURGES) CR Recommendation of the Total (STEELE BOURSE GOODS 谷坐女性、程序 insepection methods and proceduces FERMINARE ES 得品并现有性故 white solid granula and poster, edorlars Appearance & Odor: 1. 危险性评例(Hazards Identification): \mathcal{T} F Hone ANDRORF 2. 空运规则ATA DGR共轭的类项(Suggestion according to IATA DGR): Č. 可依許類從物象件办理 The goods is not subject to IATA DGR. N 14 0 3. 包架要求(Packaging requirements): R sΑ 内包米, 包种内心、外包珠, 型剂物。 Inner peckeye: plante bag, Outset pockege: plante dram. Ö **检查日初: 2006年7月17日至7月17日** 源。 Norm Alexai. Comment AL MADPIONES I A# Approprie

THE PRICE TO SHOW

FUN HOLE

NO. SA3500703

	Certification for Safe Transport of Chamical Goods Page 2/2
安全项目 4 称	CONCLUSION
机并危险性类定 Optermination of Explosives	TO THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF
ib 推及定性基準 Openmination of Fishermebility	FERRE DIMERELLE DISTRICTION. AND A TOTAL A
和化剂危险性要定 Determination of Ording Substances	William Constitutions to constant page forces.
· 生生化产生类文 Getsrmination of Toute & Infectious Substances	大品口服iDSO 1000 mg/kg. 形形式Amissa J.
a文計 形 医中生 李 天 Determination of Radiopolive Mahadats	The accessed their rectificing to restrong and their states of the section of the
后体系Re性多定 Determination of Corresives	THE RESIDENCE OF CONTRACTOR OF
共他危险性基本 Determination of Other Dangerous Properties	THE MARKET BY LEAGHTY WHEELE. HE SHOWED . MUSICIPAL AT THE MARK. The market see is showed in the content.

PO:21 4002 11 POI

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EXHIBIT C

Document 17

Filed 09/12/2007

Case 1:07-cv-05861-RMB-GWG

EXHIBIT D

Mag. #

86/12/2007 18:23 L 2524420767 148 Roundabout Ct. P.O. Box 8164 Rocky Mount, NC 27804 Tel. (252)442-0700 / Fex (252)442-0787

BELCO RESULFCE

PAGE To hax. No.: UI-a Rege: 5 ٥í 1 3/4/06 Date: From: Natalie Gustes

Please deliver to: Geng Xiaoning

Company:

Sinochem Jiangsu Imp. & Exp. Com

PURCHASE ORDER

Herawith, Please accept our order for the following in reference to our order number Bl. 9760

RE: Purchase Order Number Bl.9769

Pag#

Description hipoclorko de Calolo 65% Price \$1,300,0000

Extended Cost \$25,874.00

Packing information 45 Kg plastic drums with drum labels / markings

DRUM MARKINGS: Bel CHor 55% Manufactured for: Belco Resources, Inc. PO 8ox 6166 Rocky Mount, NC 27804 Tel: 252-442-0700/ Fee: 252-442-0707 E-mail: Bekokes@act.com / www.BekoKescurces.com

Shipping Marks Bel Chlor 65% CIF Belize BI 9769/1-500

PO# 1269

Payment Terms: 60 days not B/L Shipment Date: To be advised

Otio To: Cif Belles
"B/L instructions" Obligar, Octoo Pear P.O. Box 8164 Rocky Mount, NC 27804 Consigner. To order of shirper Notific. Prosser Fertilizar Company Mile & Western Highwa Cette City, Balke, Central America Tel: 501-223-8386 Attr: Savador Fend

Shipping Instructions:

Please adhere to the following requirements:

M Please do not include any priced literature with shipment.

M Your commercial invoice, ocean BAL, packing list certificate of analysis and certificate of insurance are to be sent to our office after shipment. Please fax copies before sending; by counter.

Please arrange for shipment on first available vassal. Once available please provide us with shipping details; ETD, ETA and vessei name.

NO CHINESE MARKINGS OR CHARACTERS!

Kindly confirm accupiance of this purchase order by return text

We thank you for your assistance in making this order possible. Should you have any questions, please contact us at the numbers listed above.

EXHIBIT E

Estimated Damages Calculated By Zim As Of June 20, 2007 As A Result Of the Fire That Broke Out Aboard The m/v ZIM HAIFA On June 3, 2007

Nature of Damages	Est. Amount
Container Damage	\$580,800
Vessel Damage	\$770,000
Supply of CO2 cylinders and CO2 trucks at Panama	\$263,344
Refilling of breathing apparatus at Panama	\$2,800
Cleaning and ventilation of No. 5 hold at Panama as per Class	\$Y2,750
Supply of extra life hoses at Paname	\$1,450
Chemist fees (for oxygen content monitoring in hold)	\$6,900
Discharge costs at Panama	\$21,000
Wharlage and equipment rental	\$40,000
Extra pilotage for shifting	\$1,800
Extra tug hire for shifting	\$4,500
Extra tug hire to meet vessel at anchorage upon arrival	\$12,000
Extra line handling for shifting	\$700
Lost canal booking fee	\$26,300
Customs/immigration fees	\$1,000
Channel fee & pilot launch	\$1,000
Agency fee	\$2,000
Extra security for damaged containers landed ashore	\$2,500
Special security cage for suspect container	\$6,500
ACP fire tug/fire fighters	\$30,000
Ram-neck tape to seal hatches for fire lighting efforts	\$1,550
Cleaning / debris removal from No. 5 hold at Kingston	\$25,500
Loss slots in Hold No. 5 due to fire damage	\$89,600
Survey Fees (Panama, Kingston, New York)	\$15,000
Burgoynes (fire expert)	\$20,000
Storage of containers at Balboa	\$62,650
Extre wages for crew for overtime/cleaning	\$15,000
Crew injuries	\$50,000
Vessel Dalay	\$429,000
Additional Bunkers to make up lost time	\$281,050
Lost Profits due to delay	\$330,000
Total	\$3,096,694.00